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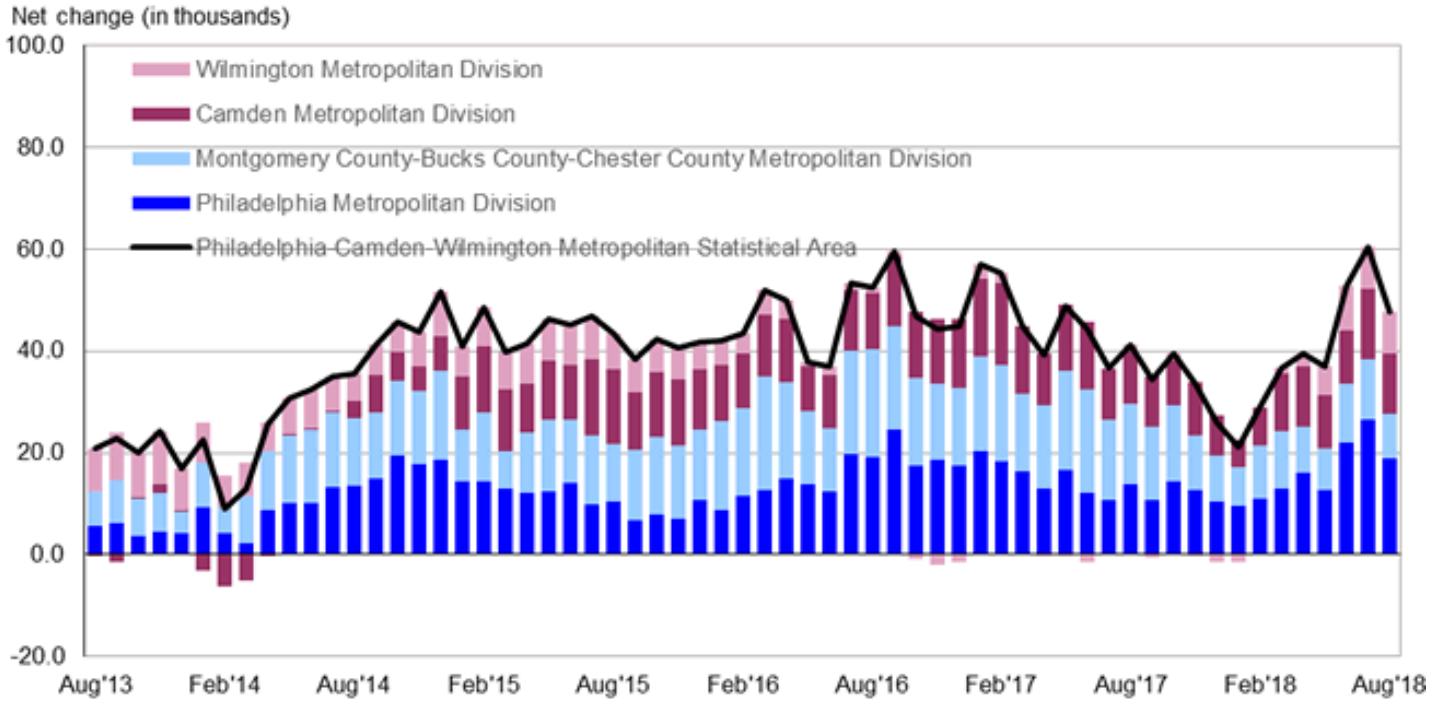
Philadelphia Area Employment – August 2018

Local Rate of Employment Growth Matches National Average

Total nonfarm employment for the Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD Metropolitan Statistical Area stood at 2,939,900 in August 2018, up 47,800, or 1.7 percent, over the year, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. During the same period, the national job count also increased 1.7 percent. Sheila Watkins, the Bureau's regional commissioner, noted that the Philadelphia area's August increase was its 76th consecutive over-the-year employment gain. (See chart 1 and table 1; the Technical Note at the end of this release contains metropolitan area definitions. All data in this release are not seasonally adjusted; accordingly, over-the-year analysis is used throughout.)

Chart 1. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year net change in the Philadelphia metropolitan area and its divisions, August 2013–August 2018



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD Metropolitan Statistical Area is made up of four metropolitan divisions—separately identifiable employment centers within the greater metropolitan area. All four of the divisions saw employment increases over the year. The Philadelphia Metropolitan Division, with 32 percent of the area's employment, gained 18,800 jobs since last August. The Camden Metropolitan Division, with 19 percent of local employment, added 11,800 jobs over the year. The Montgomery County-

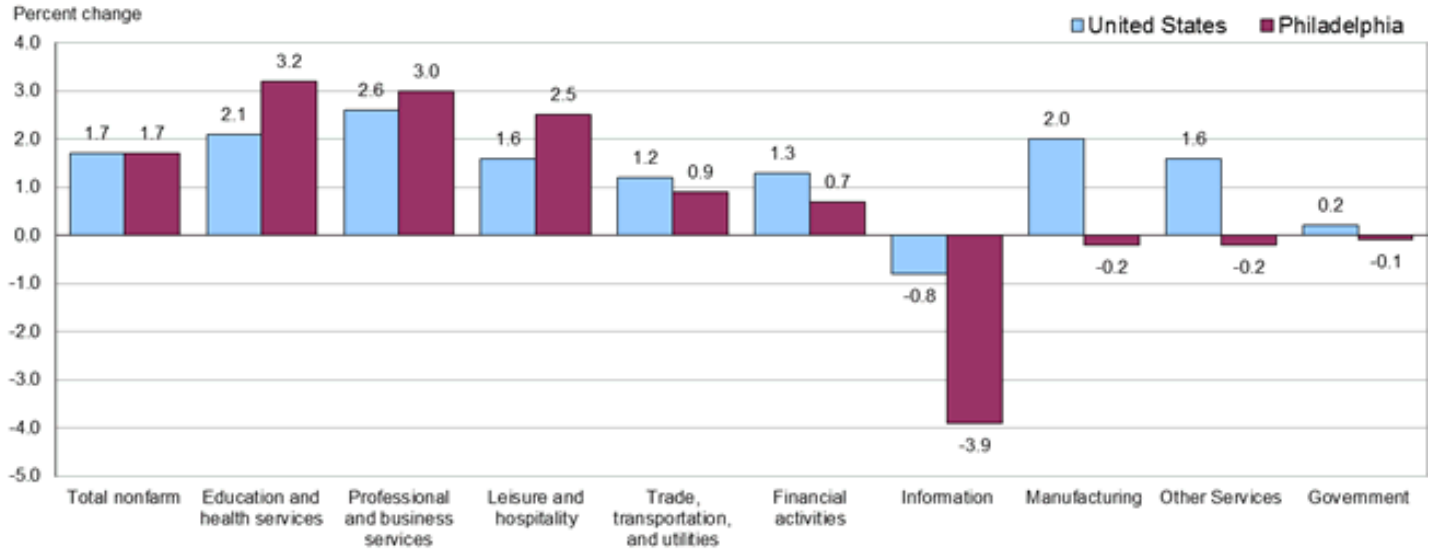
Bucks County-Chester County Metropolitan Division, with 37 percent of the area's employment, added 8,900 jobs; and the Wilmington Metropolitan Division, with the remaining 12 percent, added 8,300 jobs over the year.

Industry employment

In the greater Philadelphia metropolitan area, education and health services had the largest employment gain from August 2017 to August 2018, adding 20,200 jobs. The Philadelphia area's 3.2-percent growth in education and health services employment was faster than the nationwide increase of 2.1 percent. (See chart 2.) The Philadelphia division added 14,400 jobs and the Montgomery County division added 3,300 jobs.

Professional and business services employment increased by 14,000 since last August, the second-largest gain in the Philadelphia area. The 3.0-percent rate of local job growth was higher than the 2.6-percent rate for the nation. Of the three local divisions that gained in this industry, Montgomery County saw the largest increase, adding 7,300 jobs.

Chart 2. Total nonfarm and selected industry supersector employment, over-the-year percent change, United States and the Philadelphia metropolitan area, August 2018



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

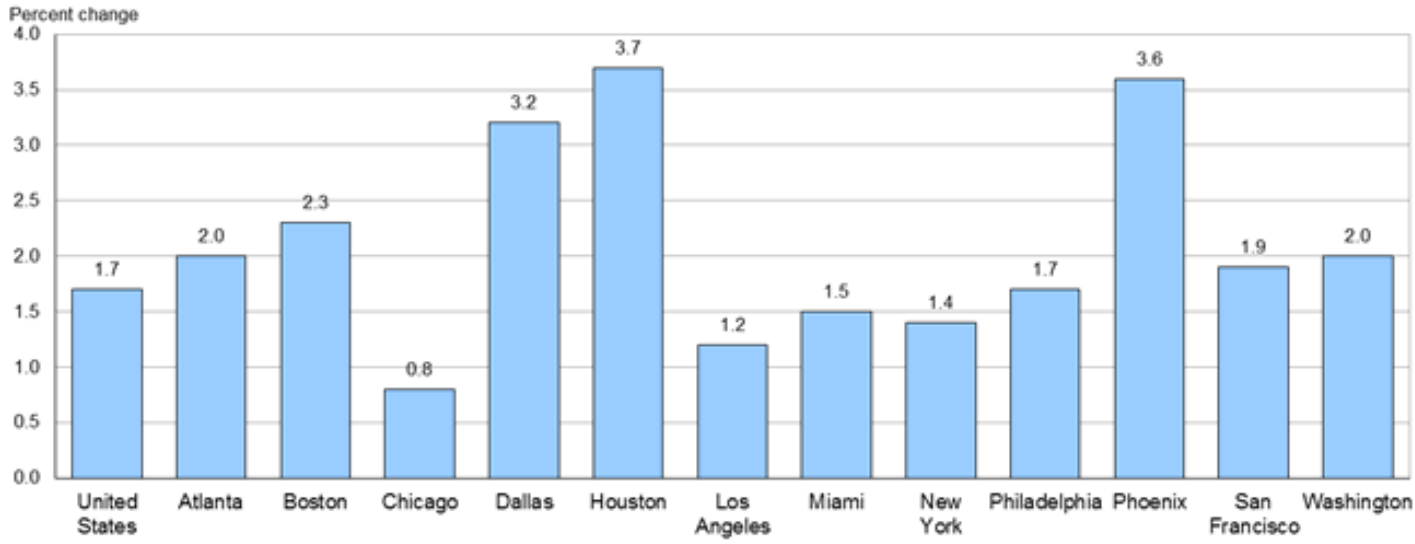
Leisure and hospitality added 6,900 jobs in the local area. The 2.5-percent rate of local employment growth in this supersector was faster than the 1.6-percent nationwide increase. Two other supersectors in the local area gained at least 3,000 jobs each since last August: trade, transportation, and utilities and mining, logging, and construction.

Declining by 1,800 jobs, information was the only supersector in the Philadelphia area to lose more than 1,000 jobs since August 2017.

Employment in the 12 largest metropolitan areas

Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington was 1 of the nation's 12 largest metropolitan statistical areas in August 2018. All 12 areas had over-the-year job growth during the period, with the rates of job growth in 8 areas matching or exceeding the national average of 1.7 percent. Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land had the fastest rate of job growth, up 3.7 percent, followed by Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale at 3.6 percent. Chicago-Naperville-Elgin had the slowest rate of job growth, 0.8 percent, followed by Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim (1.2 percent). (See chart 3 and table 2.)

Chart 3. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year percent change, United States and 12 largest metropolitan areas, August 2018



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

New York-Newark-Jersey City added the largest number of jobs over the year, 136,100. Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington (+114,900) and Houston (+110,200) also had increases over 100,000 jobs. Chicago had the smallest employment gain over the year, adding 36,300 jobs. Annual gains in the remaining eight metropolitan areas ranged from 73,500 in Phoenix to 38,800 in Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach.

Over the year, professional and business services added the most jobs in five areas: Boston-Cambridge-Nashua, Dallas, Houston, San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, and Washington-Arlington-Alexandria.

Information lost the most jobs in seven areas: Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Chicago, Houston, Miami, New York, Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, and Washington. Dallas was the only metropolitan area to have no annual job losses in any supersector from August a year ago.

Metropolitan area employment data for September 2018 are scheduled to be released on Friday, October 19, 2018, at 10:00 a.m. (ET).

Technical Note

This release presents nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program. The CES survey is a Federal-State cooperative endeavor between State employment security agencies and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Definitions. Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their place of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2012 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

Method of estimation. CES State and Area employment data are produced using several estimation procedures. Where possible these data are produced using a "weighted link relative" estimation technique in which a ratio of current-month weighted employment to that of the previous-month weighted employment is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the

current month are then obtained by multiplying these ratios by the previous month's employment estimates. The weighted link relative technique is utilized for data series where the sample size meets certain statistical criteria.

Annual revisions. Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports which are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months.

Reliability of the estimates. The estimates presented in this release are based on sample survey and administrative data and thus are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data are also subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the special estimation processes used. The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of rounding.

Employment estimates. Measures of sampling error for the total private employment series are available for metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions at www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm. Measures of sampling error for more detailed series at the area and division level are available upon request. Measures of sampling error for states down to the supersector level are available on the BLS website at www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm. Measures of nonsampling error are not available for the areas contained in this release. Information on recent benchmark revisions is available online at www.bls.gov/web/laus/benchmark.pdf.

Area definitions. The substate area data published in this release reflect the delineations issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget on July 15, 2015. A detailed list of the geographic definitions is available at www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm.

The **Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD Metropolitan Statistical Area** includes Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties in Pennsylvania; Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, and Salem Counties in New Jersey; New Castle County in Delaware; and Cecil County in Maryland.

- The Camden, NJ Metropolitan Division includes Burlington, Camden, and Gloucester Counties in New Jersey.
- The Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, PA Metropolitan Division includes Bucks, Chester, and Montgomery Counties in Pennsylvania.
- The Philadelphia, PA Metropolitan Division includes Delaware and Philadelphia Counties in Pennsylvania.
- The Wilmington, DE-MD-NJ Metropolitan Division includes New Castle County in Delaware; Cecil County in Maryland; and Salem County in New Jersey.

Additional information

More complete information on the technical procedures used to develop these estimates and additional data appear in Employment and Earnings, which is available online at www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm. Industry employment data for states and metropolitan areas from the Current Employment Statistics program are also available in the above mentioned news releases and from the Internet at www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, Philadelphia metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area	Back data	Aug 2017	Jun 2018	Jul 2018	Aug 2018 (p)	Aug 2017 to Aug 2018 (p)	
						Net change	Percent change
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md. Metropolitan Statistical Area							
Total nonfarm		2,892.1	2,975.9	2,953.7	2,939.9	47.8	1.7
Mining, logging, and construction		119.9	120.3	122.6	122.9	3.0	2.5
Manufacturing		181.6	182.1	181.7	181.3	-0.3	-0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities		520.1	531.0	527.3	524.8	4.7	0.9
Information		46.2	45.0	44.9	44.4	-1.8	-3.9
Financial activities		217.0	218.6	219.3	218.5	1.5	0.7
Professional and business services		466.6	484.5	484.8	480.6	14.0	3.0
Education and health services		624.8	647.1	647.4	645.0	20.2	3.2
Leisure and hospitality		279.3	285.5	286.7	286.2	6.9	2.5
Other services		121.8	122.8	121.8	121.6	-0.2	-0.2
Government		314.8	339.0	317.2	314.6	-0.2	-0.1
Philadelphia, Pa. Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm		931.1	957.5	956.5	949.9	18.8	2.0
Mining, logging, and construction		24.3	25.2	25.6	25.4	1.1	4.5
Manufacturing		34.5	34.2	34.3	34.3	-0.2	-0.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities		133.8	135.2	134.4	133.7	-0.1	-0.1
Information		14.3	14.0	14.0	14.0	-0.3	-2.1
Financial activities		58.7	60.0	60.5	60.2	1.5	2.6
Professional and business services		131.0	130.6	132.0	131.2	0.2	0.2
Education and health services		275.0	289.1	290.4	289.4	14.4	5.2
Leisure and hospitality		96.6	101.0	100.6	100.6	4.0	4.1
Other services		39.5	40.5	40.3	40.0	0.5	1.3
Government		123.4	127.7	124.4	121.1	-2.3	-1.9
Philadelphia City, Pa.							
Total nonfarm		698.4	719.4	719.8	715.5	17.1	2.4
Mining, logging, and construction		12.0	12.5	12.7	12.6	0.6	5.0
Manufacturing		20.2	19.9	20.0	20.0	-0.2	-1.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities		92.0	93.1	92.9	92.6	0.6	0.7
Information		11.4	11.2	11.2	11.2	-0.2	-1.8
Financial activities		42.1	43.2	43.6	43.4	1.3	3.1
Professional and business services		97.2	97.1	98.5	98.2	1.0	1.0
Education and health services		220.6	231.9	233.3	233.0	12.4	5.6
Leisure and hospitality		73.7	77.6	77.4	77.7	4.0	5.4
Other services		27.9	28.7	28.6	28.3	0.4	1.4
Government		101.3	104.2	101.6	98.5	-2.8	-2.8
Delaware County, Pa.							
Total nonfarm		232.7	238.1	236.7	234.4	1.7	0.7
Mining, logging, and construction		12.3	12.7	12.9	12.8	0.5	4.1
Manufacturing		14.3	14.3	14.3	14.3	0.0	0.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities		41.8	42.1	41.5	41.1	-0.7	-1.7
Information		2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	-0.1	-3.4
Financial activities		16.6	16.8	16.9	16.8	0.2	1.2
Professional and business services		33.8	33.5	33.5	33.0	-0.8	-2.4
Education and health services		54.4	57.2	57.1	56.4	2.0	3.7
Leisure and hospitality		22.9	23.4	23.2	22.9	0.0	0.0
Other services		11.6	11.8	11.7	11.7	0.1	0.9
Government		22.1	23.5	22.8	22.6	0.5	2.3

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, Philadelphia metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	Aug 2017	Jun 2018	Jul 2018	Aug 2018 (p)	Aug 2017 to Aug 2018 (p)	
						Net change	Percent change
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pa. Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm		1,068.3	1,089.7	1,081.4	1,077.2	8.9	0.8
Mining, logging, and construction		54.5	53.9	55.3	55.8	1.3	2.4
Manufacturing		91.8	90.6	90.1	89.9	-1.9	-2.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities		202.3	204.5	202.5	200.3	-2.0	-1.0
Information		21.4	20.6	20.5	20.1	-1.3	-6.1
Financial activities		83.2	84.3	84.6	84.8	1.6	1.9
Professional and business services		204.8	212.0	213.1	212.1	7.3	3.6
Education and health services		189.7	195.8	194.4	193.0	3.3	1.7
Leisure and hospitality		96.4	95.6	95.9	95.9	-0.5	-0.5
Other services		48.8	48.2	48.0	48.1	-0.7	-1.4
Government		75.4	84.2	77.0	77.2	1.8	2.4
Camden, N.J. Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm		536.8	562.2	550.7	548.6	11.8	2.2
Mining, logging, and construction		23.8	21.9	21.6	21.2	-2.6	-10.9
Manufacturing		38.1	39.9	40.0	39.8	1.7	4.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities		119.9	125.5	124.7	124.6	4.7	3.9
Information		6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	0.0	0.0
Financial activities		30.4	29.5	29.4	28.9	-1.5	-4.9
Professional and business services		78.6	86.1	84.0	82.7	4.1	5.2
Education and health services		98.1	100.3	100.6	100.3	2.2	2.2
Leisure and hospitality		51.0	52.9	53.8	53.5	2.5	4.9
Other services		19.1	19.6	19.1	19.1	0.0	0.0
Government		71.1	79.8	70.8	71.8	0.7	1.0
Wilmington, Del.-Md.-N.J. Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm		355.9	366.5	365.1	364.2	8.3	2.3
Mining, logging, and construction		17.3	19.3	20.1	20.5	3.2	18.5
Manufacturing		17.2	17.4	17.3	17.3	0.1	0.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities		64.1	65.8	65.7	66.2	2.1	3.3
Information		3.8	3.7	3.7	3.6	-0.2	-5.3
Financial activities		44.7	44.8	44.8	44.6	-0.1	-0.2
Professional and business services		52.2	55.8	55.7	54.6	2.4	4.6
Education and health services		62.0	61.9	62.0	62.3	0.3	0.5
Leisure and hospitality		35.3	36.0	36.4	36.2	0.9	2.5
Other services		14.4	14.5	14.4	14.4	0.0	0.0
Government		44.9	47.3	45.0	44.5	-0.4	-0.9

Footnotes
(p) Preliminary

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area	Back data	Aug 2017	Jun 2018	Jul 2018	Aug 2018 (p)	Aug 2017 to Aug 2018 (p)	
						Net change	Percent change
United States							
Total nonfarm		146,801	150,040	148,892	149,226	2,425	1.7
Mining and logging		698	747	750	760	62	8.9
Construction		7,228	7,442	7,495	7,515	287	4.0
Manufacturing		12,555	12,797	12,804	12,808	253	2.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities		27,449	27,803	27,773	27,767	318	1.2
Information		2,805	2,785	2,785	2,782	-23	-0.8
Financial activities		8,542	8,638	8,660	8,654	112	1.3
Professional and business services		20,679	21,129	21,139	21,215	536	2.6
Education and health services		22,938	23,425	23,322	23,411	473	2.1
Leisure and hospitality		16,809	17,040	17,149	17,082	273	1.6
Other services		5,825	5,955	5,936	5,918	93	1.6
Government		21,273	22,279	21,079	21,314	41	0.2
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Ga.							
Total nonfarm		2,737.7	2,782.2	2,776.5	2,791.4	53.7	2.0
Mining and logging		1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
Construction		121.0	130.3	129.9	132.4	11.4	9.4
Manufacturing		167.6	168.8	169.9	168.9	1.3	0.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities		603.5	620.5	620.3	616.2	12.7	2.1
Information		100.5	94.6	95.3	96.7	-3.8	-3.8
Financial activities		171.4	171.4	169.8	170.9	-0.5	-0.3
Professional and business services		503.6	505.6	507.2	506.7	3.1	0.6
Education and health services		341.8	345.6	347.5	358.6	16.8	4.9
Leisure and hospitality		297.8	311.3	309.3	307.6	9.8	3.3
Other services		100.2	101.1	101.3	98.5	-1.7	-1.7
Government		328.7	331.4	324.4	333.3	4.6	1.4
Boston-Cambridge-Nashua, Mass.-N.H. (NECTA)							
Total nonfarm		2,741.6	2,824.4	2,812.8	2,804.3	62.7	2.3
Mining, logging, and construction		118.6	123.1	125.6	125.4	6.8	5.7
Manufacturing		188.3	191.8	192.9	192.1	3.8	2.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities		424.9	431.3	427.8	426.3	1.4	0.3
Information		80.7	80.5	80.9	81.4	0.7	0.9
Financial activities		187.7	185.8	186.3	186.4	-1.3	-0.7
Professional and business services		491.2	512.6	516.1	515.3	24.1	4.9
Education and health services		570.9	582.9	586.1	586.4	15.5	2.7
Leisure and hospitality		287.3	295.5	297.7	296.4	9.1	3.2
Other services		106.2	109.3	109.6	108.3	2.1	2.0
Government		285.8	311.6	289.8	286.3	0.5	0.2
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Ill.-Ind.-Wis.							
Total nonfarm		4,726.0	4,800.9	4,777.4	4,762.3	36.3	0.8
Mining and logging		1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	-0.1	-5.9
Construction		182.8	189.9	193.2	191.9	9.1	5.0
Manufacturing		416.5	425.7	425.8	422.5	6.0	1.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities		949.0	954.5	952.3	951.9	2.9	0.3
Information		79.5	75.7	75.3	74.7	-4.8	-6.0
Financial activities		308.6	312.3	313.5	312.8	4.2	1.4
Professional and business services		838.2	840.8	844.0	843.6	5.4	0.6
Education and health services		713.0	729.4	719.0	719.8	6.8	1.0
Leisure and hospitality		504.4	508.9	509.8	506.0	1.6	0.3

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	Aug 2017	Jun 2018	Jul 2018	Aug 2018 (p)	Aug 2017 to Aug 2018 (p)	
						Net change	Percent change
Other services		197.6	197.1	196.3	194.8	-2.8	-1.4
Government		534.7	565.0	546.6	542.7	8.0	1.5
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas							
Total nonfarm		3,601.1	3,720.4	3,704.4	3,716.0	114.9	3.2
Mining, logging, and construction		216.4	229.6	230.7	232.2	15.8	7.3
Manufacturing		272.5	278.2	278.3	279.5	7.0	2.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities		774.6	783.7	785.0	786.7	12.1	1.6
Information		83.6	84.2	84.5	83.8	0.2	0.2
Financial activities		297.3	299.7	299.1	300.6	3.3	1.1
Professional and business services		595.5	615.9	616.3	627.3	31.8	5.3
Education and health services		443.1	459.8	457.6	457.1	14.0	3.2
Leisure and hospitality		381.0	400.1	400.9	397.3	16.3	4.3
Other services		123.3	128.8	130.4	128.3	5.0	4.1
Government		413.8	440.4	421.6	423.2	9.4	2.3
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas							
Total nonfarm		3,012.9	3,131.6	3,115.7	3,123.1	110.2	3.7
Mining and logging		78.4	79.7	80.0	80.3	1.9	2.4
Construction		214.4	236.5	239.1	243.3	28.9	13.5
Manufacturing		221.3	228.2	227.1	230.9	9.6	4.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities		618.3	629.2	630.2	635.6	17.3	2.8
Information		32.2	31.4	31.6	31.3	-0.9	-2.8
Financial activities		160.3	163.8	164.3	164.0	3.7	2.3
Professional and business services		484.4	523.0	525.2	519.4	35.0	7.2
Education and health services		386.1	386.2	389.2	393.4	7.3	1.9
Leisure and hospitality		323.0	332.3	327.0	327.4	4.4	1.4
Other services		109.9	111.7	110.9	111.5	1.6	1.5
Government		384.6	409.6	391.1	386.0	1.4	0.4
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, Calif.							
Total nonfarm		6,027.9	6,130.8	6,071.9	6,100.9	73.0	1.2
Mining and logging		2.9	2.9	3.0	2.9	0.0	0.0
Construction		246.3	248.8	247.4	249.3	3.0	1.2
Manufacturing		508.6	505.4	506.7	505.2	-3.4	-0.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities		1,100.2	1,088.9	1,091.8	1,098.5	-1.7	-0.2
Information		236.7	239.2	242.3	248.6	11.9	5.0
Financial activities		341.7	339.5	341.1	340.8	-0.9	-0.3
Professional and business services		926.3	938.3	937.7	945.9	19.6	2.1
Education and health services		1,003.1	1,027.2	1,017.8	1,027.7	24.6	2.5
Leisure and hospitality		754.5	777.0	784.3	780.7	26.2	3.5
Other services		204.6	205.1	202.5	201.8	-2.8	-1.4
Government		703.0	758.5	697.3	699.5	-3.5	-0.5
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Fla.							
Total nonfarm		2,620.8	2,649.7	2,636.5	2,659.6	38.8	1.5
Mining and logging		0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.1	14.3
Construction		130.4	143.6	144.6	144.7	14.3	11.0
Manufacturing		89.1	97.8	97.7	97.9	8.8	9.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities		596.0	601.2	600.0	601.9	5.9	1.0
Information		51.2	50.6	50.3	50.6	-0.6	-1.2
Financial activities		179.0	181.7	182.2	181.9	2.9	1.6
Professional and business services		433.9	438.7	435.5	434.0	0.1	0.0

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	Aug 2017	Jun 2018	Jul 2018	Aug 2018 (p)	Aug 2017 to Aug 2018 (p)	
						Net change	Percent change
Education and health services		390.2	390.5	392.6	392.1	1.9	0.5
Leisure and hospitality		319.4	326.4	320.0	321.8	2.4	0.8
Other services		122.2	127.6	124.9	125.1	2.9	2.4
Government		308.7	290.8	287.9	308.8	0.1	0.0
New York-Newark-Jersey City, N.Y.-N.J.-Pa.							
Total nonfarm		9,654.9	9,905.8	9,837.4	9,791.0	136.1	1.4
Mining, logging, and construction		409.2	413.7	416.0	416.2	7.0	1.7
Manufacturing		365.4	366.4	364.2	364.9	-0.5	-0.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities		1,730.1	1,771.5	1,751.0	1,744.8	14.7	0.8
Information		289.2	289.4	282.4	284.0	-5.2	-1.8
Financial activities		788.3	786.2	789.1	787.5	-0.8	-0.1
Professional and business services		1,559.7	1,584.5	1,585.5	1,580.3	20.6	1.3
Education and health services		1,860.0	1,959.3	1,928.3	1,921.9	61.9	3.3
Leisure and hospitality		969.8	994.6	1,008.0	1,002.5	32.7	3.4
Other services		423.8	431.2	429.9	431.9	8.1	1.9
Government		1,259.4	1,309.0	1,283.0	1,257.0	-2.4	-0.2
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md.							
Total nonfarm		2,892.1	2,975.9	2,953.7	2,939.9	47.8	1.7
Mining, logging, and construction		119.9	120.3	122.6	122.9	3.0	2.5
Manufacturing		181.6	182.1	181.7	181.3	-0.3	-0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities		520.1	531.0	527.3	524.8	4.7	0.9
Information		46.2	45.0	44.9	44.4	-1.8	-3.9
Financial activities		217.0	218.6	219.3	218.5	1.5	0.7
Professional and business services		466.6	484.5	484.8	480.6	14.0	3.0
Education and health services		624.8	647.1	647.4	645.0	20.2	3.2
Leisure and hospitality		279.3	285.5	286.7	286.2	6.9	2.5
Other services		121.8	122.8	121.8	121.6	-0.2	-0.2
Government		314.8	339.0	317.2	314.6	-0.2	-0.1
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Ariz.							
Total nonfarm		2,025.6	2,057.0	2,048.7	2,099.1	73.5	3.6
Mining and logging		3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	-0.1	-3.0
Construction		115.9	127.9	128.6	129.5	13.6	11.7
Manufacturing		124.4	130.6	131.1	131.0	6.6	5.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities		392.0	395.2	396.8	400.7	8.7	2.2
Information		36.0	37.4	36.8	36.9	0.9	2.5
Financial activities		187.3	189.1	189.1	191.5	4.2	2.2
Professional and business services		342.5	350.8	350.2	355.7	13.2	3.9
Education and health services		307.4	314.3	313.7	317.9	10.5	3.4
Leisure and hospitality		220.1	226.5	224.0	227.2	7.1	3.2
Other services		65.3	65.7	64.9	65.7	0.4	0.6
Government		231.4	216.3	210.3	239.8	8.4	3.6
San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, Calif.							
Total nonfarm		2,397.7	2,439.6	2,434.6	2,443.3	45.6	1.9
Mining and logging		0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0
Construction		121.5	123.4	124.1	124.7	3.2	2.6
Manufacturing		141.7	143.1	144.0	143.6	1.9	1.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities		383.6	384.3	386.0	388.5	4.9	1.3
Information		108.2	110.1	112.5	112.1	3.9	3.6
Financial activities		143.6	142.7	143.1	144.9	1.3	0.9

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	Aug 2017	Jun 2018	Jul 2018	Aug 2018 (p)	Aug 2017 to Aug 2018 (p)	
						Net change	Percent change
Professional and business services		481.9	492.4	498.4	499.8	17.9	3.7
Education and health services		343.8	354.0	351.2	352.5	8.7	2.5
Leisure and hospitality		277.1	278.8	279.5	279.6	2.5	0.9
Other services		87.6	85.0	85.7	85.8	-1.8	-2.1
Government		308.2	325.3	309.6	311.3	3.1	1.0
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.C.-Va.-Md.-W.Va.							
Total nonfarm		3,266.3	3,357.3	3,359.8	3,331.2	64.9	2.0
Mining, logging, and construction		163.0	168.0	169.2	170.3	7.3	4.5
Manufacturing		55.0	55.9	56.4	55.5	0.5	0.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities		407.5	414.0	412.0	413.3	5.8	1.4
Information		74.0	75.7	74.6	73.5	-0.5	-0.7
Financial activities		158.7	161.6	161.9	161.2	2.5	1.6
Professional and business services		755.3	771.3	778.6	778.5	23.2	3.1
Education and health services		425.2	442.0	439.7	438.2	13.0	3.1
Leisure and hospitality		339.8	352.1	351.6	348.6	8.8	2.6
Other services		208.9	212.4	214.4	210.6	1.7	0.8
Government		678.9	704.3	701.4	681.5	2.6	0.4

Footnotes
(p) Preliminary