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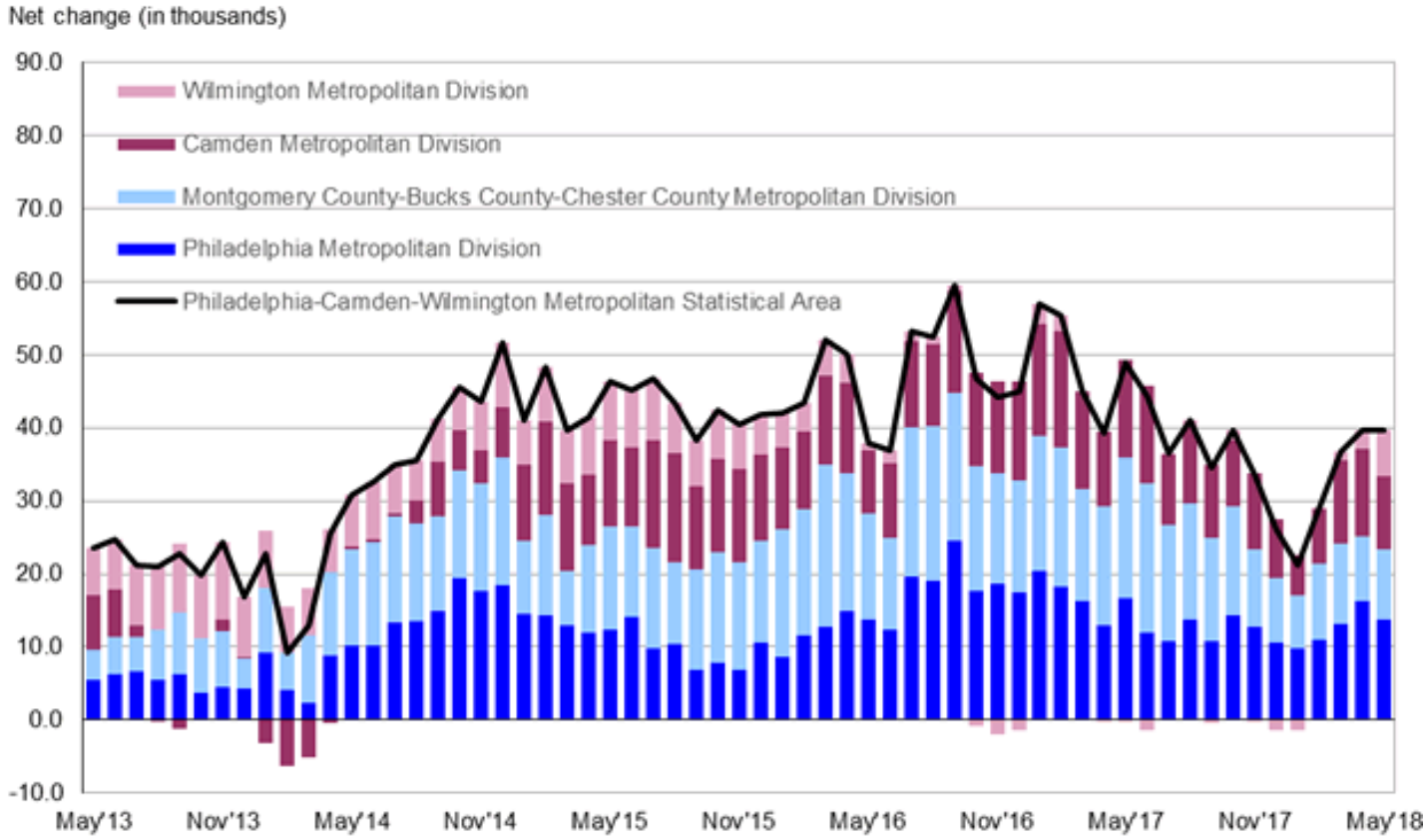
Philadelphia Area Employment – May 2018

Local Rate of Employment Growth Close to the National Average

Total nonfarm employment for the Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD Metropolitan Statistical Area stood at 2,964,900 in May 2018, up 39,700, or 1.4 percent, over the year, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. During the same period, the national job count increased 1.6 percent. Sheila Watkins, the Bureau's regional commissioner, noted that the Philadelphia area's May increase was its 73rd consecutive over-the-year employment gain. (See chart 1 and table 1; the Technical Note at the end of this release contains metropolitan area definitions. All data in this release are not seasonally adjusted; accordingly, over-the-year analysis is used throughout.)

Chart 1. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year net change in the Philadelphia metropolitan area and its divisions, May 2013–May 2018



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

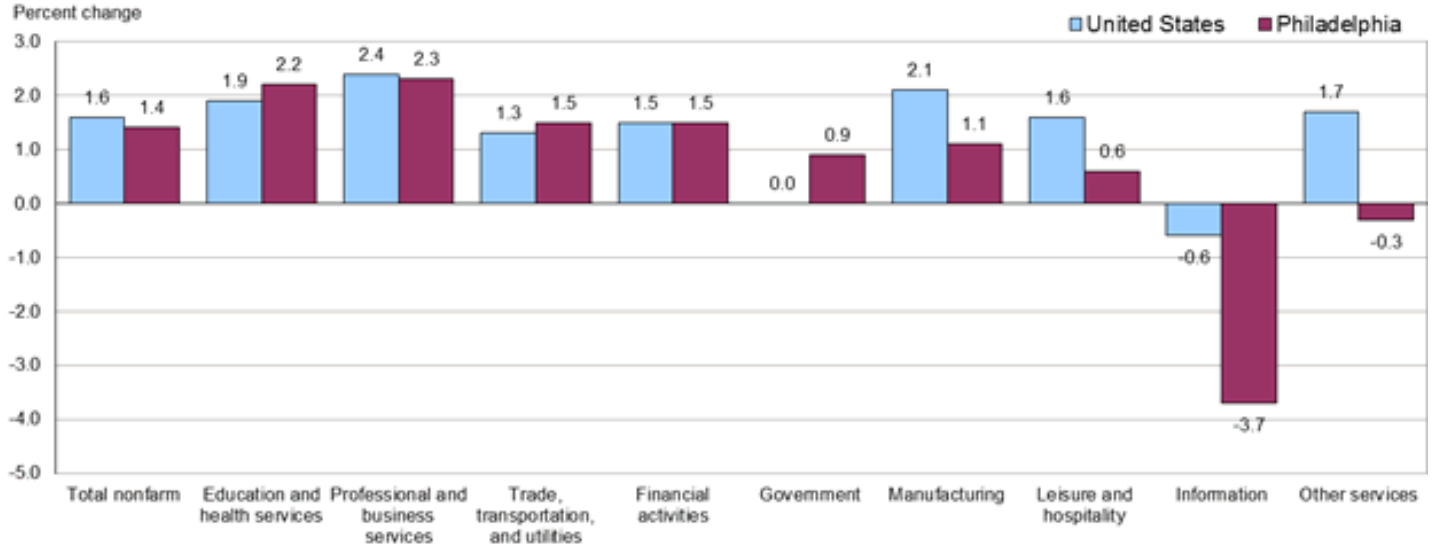
The Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD Metropolitan Statistical Area is made up of four metropolitan divisions—separately identifiable employment centers within the greater metropolitan area. All four of the divisions saw employment increases over the year. The Philadelphia Metropolitan Division, with 32 percent of the area's employment, gained 13,800 jobs since last May. The Camden Metropolitan Division, with 19 percent of local employment, added 9,900 jobs over the year. The Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County Metropolitan Division, with 37 percent of the area's employment, added 9,600 jobs; and the Wilmington Metropolitan Division, with the remaining 12 percent, added 6,400 jobs over the year.

Industry employment

In the greater Philadelphia metropolitan area, education and health services had the largest employment gain from May 2017 to May 2018, adding 14,100 jobs. The Philadelphia area's 2.2-percent growth in education and health services employment was faster than the nationwide increase of 1.9 percent. (See chart 2.) The Philadelphia division added 7,700 jobs and the Montgomery County division added 6,000 jobs.

Professional and business services employment increased by 10,600 since last May, the second-largest gain in the Philadelphia area. The 2.3-percent rate of local job growth compared to the 2.4-percent rate for the nation. Of the three local divisions that gained in this industry, Montgomery County saw the largest increase, adding 5,500 jobs.

Chart 2. Total nonfarm and selected industry supersector employment, over-the-year percent change, United States and the Philadelphia metropolitan area, May 2018



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Trade, transportation, and utilities added 8,000 jobs in the local area. The 1.5-percent rate of local employment growth in this supersector was similar to the 1.3-percent nationwide increase. Two other supersectors in the local area gained more than 3,000 jobs each since last May: financial activities and government.

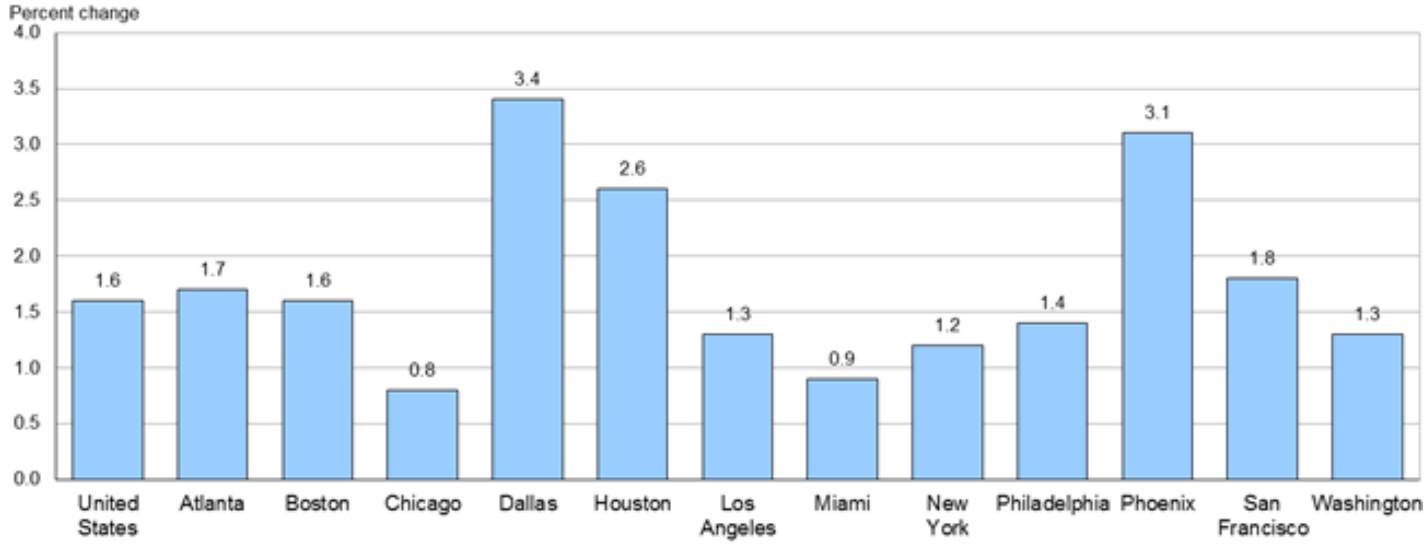
Declining by 1,700 jobs, information was the only supersector in the Philadelphia area which lost more than 1,000 jobs since May 2017.

Employment in the 12 largest metropolitan areas

Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington was 1 of the nation's 12 largest metropolitan statistical areas in May 2018. All 12 areas had over-the-year job growth during the period, with the rates of job growth in 5 areas exceeding the national average of 1.6 percent. Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington had the fastest rate of job growth, up 3.4

percent, followed by Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale (3.1 percent). Chicago-Naperville-Elgin had the slowest rate of job growth, 0.8 percent, followed by Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach (0.9 percent). (See chart 3 and table 2.)

Chart 3. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year percent change, United States and 12 largest metropolitan areas, May 2018



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Dallas added the largest number of jobs over the year, 122,000, followed by New York-Newark-Jersey City (+116,200). Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Scottsdale had the smallest employment gain over the year, adding 23,400 jobs. Annual gains in the remaining nine metropolitan areas ranged from 81,200 in Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim to 38,600 in Chicago.

Over the year, professional and business services added the most jobs in five areas: Boston-Cambridge-Nashua, Dallas, Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, and Washington-Arlington-Alexandria. Education and health services added the most jobs in three areas: New York, Philadelphia, and Phoenix.

The information supersector lost the most jobs over the year in five areas. Dallas and Phoenix were the only metropolitan areas to have no annual job losses in any supersector.

Metropolitan area employment data for June 2018 are scheduled to be released on Friday, July 20, 2018, at 10:00 a.m. (ET).

Technical Note

This release presents nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program. The CES survey is a Federal-State cooperative endeavor between State employment security agencies and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Definitions. Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their place of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2012 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

Method of estimation. CES State and Area employment data are produced using several estimation procedures. Where possible these data are produced using a "weighted link relative" estimation technique in which a ratio of current-month weighted employment to that of the previous-month weighted employment is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the current month are then obtained by multiplying these ratios by the previous month's employment estimates. The weighted link relative technique is utilized for data series where the sample size meets certain statistical criteria.

Annual revisions. Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports which are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months.

Reliability of the estimates. The estimates presented in this release are based on sample survey and administrative data and thus are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data are also subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the special estimation processes used. The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of rounding.

Employment estimates. Measures of sampling error for the total private employment series are available for metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions at www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm. Measures of sampling error for more detailed series at the area and division level are available upon request. Measures of sampling error for states down to the supersector level are available on the BLS website at www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm. Measures of nonsampling error are not available for the areas contained in this release. Information on recent benchmark revisions is available online at www.bls.gov/web/laus/benchmark.pdf.

Area definitions. The substate area data published in this release reflect the delineations issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget on July 15, 2015. A detailed list of the geographic definitions is available at www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm.

The **Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD Metropolitan Statistical Area** includes Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties in Pennsylvania; Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, and Salem Counties in New Jersey; New Castle County in Delaware; and Cecil County in Maryland.

- The Camden, NJ Metropolitan Division includes Burlington, Camden, and Gloucester Counties in New Jersey.
- The Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, PA Metropolitan Division includes Bucks, Chester, and Montgomery Counties in Pennsylvania.
- The Philadelphia, PA Metropolitan Division includes Delaware and Philadelphia Counties in Pennsylvania.
- The Wilmington, DE-MD-NJ Metropolitan Division includes New Castle County in Delaware; Cecil County in Maryland; and Salem County in New Jersey.

Additional information

More complete information on the technical procedures used to develop these estimates and additional data appear in Employment and Earnings, which is available online at www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm. Industry employment data for states and metropolitan areas from the Current Employment Statistics program are also available in the above mentioned news releases and from the Internet at www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, Philadelphia metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area	Back data	May 2017	Mar 2018	Apr 2018	May 2018 (p)	May 2017 to May 2018 (p)	
						Net change	Percent change
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md. Metropolitan Statistical Area							
Total nonfarm		2,925.2	2,917.3	2,948.2	2,964.9	39.7	1.4
Mining, logging, and construction		119.4	110.4	115.0	118.5	-0.9	-0.8
Manufacturing		180.3	179.9	180.3	182.2	1.9	1.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities		520.3	523.8	525.5	528.3	8.0	1.5
Information		46.4	44.9	44.8	44.7	-1.7	-3.7
Financial activities		213.7	214.4	215.2	217.0	3.3	1.5
Professional and business services		468.7	464.3	474.0	479.3	10.6	2.3
Education and health services		641.4	658.6	661.3	655.5	14.1	2.2
Leisure and hospitality		272.9	258.0	267.2	274.6	1.7	0.6
Other services		121.7	119.3	120.4	121.3	-0.4	-0.3
Government		340.4	343.7	344.5	343.5	3.1	0.9
Philadelphia, Pa. Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm		946.8	951.1	962.4	960.6	13.8	1.5
Mining, logging, and construction		24.8	23.4	24.2	25.0	0.2	0.8
Manufacturing		34.2	33.8	33.9	34.1	-0.1	-0.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities		133.6	133.3	134.7	135.5	1.9	1.4
Information		14.2	13.9	14.0	13.9	-0.3	-2.1
Financial activities		58.0	58.5	58.9	59.2	1.2	2.1
Professional and business services		130.6	127.9	128.8	129.0	-1.6	-1.2
Education and health services		287.1	297.9	300.4	294.8	7.7	2.7
Leisure and hospitality		97.1	94.8	99.2	100.6	3.5	3.6
Other services		39.7	39.4	39.8	39.9	0.2	0.5
Government		127.5	128.2	128.5	128.6	1.1	0.9
Philadelphia City, Pa.							
Total nonfarm		709.0	714.0	723.2	720.6	11.6	1.6
Mining, logging, and construction		12.8	11.6	11.8	12.4	-0.4	-3.1
Manufacturing		20.2	19.6	19.7	19.9	-0.3	-1.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities		91.9	92.0	93.3	93.5	1.6	1.7
Information		11.4	11.1	11.2	11.1	-0.3	-2.6
Financial activities		41.6	41.9	42.2	42.5	0.9	2.2
Professional and business services		97.0	95.1	95.4	95.7	-1.3	-1.3
Education and health services		229.3	237.7	240.3	235.3	6.0	2.6
Leisure and hospitality		74.7	73.7	77.4	78.1	3.4	4.6
Other services		28.2	27.9	28.2	28.3	0.1	0.4
Government		101.9	103.4	103.7	103.8	1.9	1.9
Delaware County, Pa.							
Total nonfarm		237.8	237.1	239.2	240.0	2.2	0.9
Mining, logging, and construction		12.0	11.8	12.4	12.6	0.6	5.0
Manufacturing		14.0	14.2	14.2	14.2	0.2	1.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities		41.7	41.3	41.4	42.0	0.3	0.7
Information		2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	0.0	0.0
Financial activities		16.4	16.6	16.7	16.7	0.3	1.8
Professional and business services		33.6	32.8	33.4	33.3	-0.3	-0.9
Education and health services		57.8	60.2	60.1	59.5	1.7	2.9
Leisure and hospitality		22.4	21.1	21.8	22.5	0.1	0.4
Other services		11.5	11.5	11.6	11.6	0.1	0.9
Government		25.6	24.8	24.8	24.8	-0.8	-3.1

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, Philadelphia metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	May 2017	Mar 2018	Apr 2018	May 2018 (p)	May 2017 to May 2018 (p)	
						Net change	Percent change
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pa. Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm		1,073.8	1,062.3	1,073.2	1,083.4	9.6	0.9
Mining, logging, and construction		53.9	48.5	50.3	53.5	-0.4	-0.7
Manufacturing		91.3	89.6	89.4	90.6	-0.7	-0.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities		203.2	201.7	201.7	202.6	-0.6	-0.3
Information		21.4	20.6	20.4	20.4	-1.0	-4.7
Financial activities		81.8	82.5	82.9	83.8	2.0	2.4
Professional and business services		205.4	204.8	209.7	210.9	5.5	2.7
Education and health services		192.9	198.6	199.5	198.9	6.0	3.1
Leisure and hospitality		91.5	84.0	86.8	89.8	-1.7	-1.9
Other services		48.4	47.1	47.3	47.8	-0.6	-1.2
Government		84.0	84.9	85.2	85.1	1.1	1.3
Camden, N.J. Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm		545.8	547.2	551.8	555.7	9.9	1.8
Mining, logging, and construction		23.2	20.5	21.8	21.1	-2.1	-9.1
Manufacturing		37.6	39.4	39.8	40.3	2.7	7.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities		119.7	123.5	123.4	124.3	4.6	3.8
Information		6.9	6.7	6.7	6.7	-0.2	-2.9
Financial activities		30.0	29.2	29.2	29.4	-0.6	-2.0
Professional and business services		81.1	79.6	82.2	84.4	3.3	4.1
Education and health services		98.9	100.4	99.7	99.8	0.9	0.9
Leisure and hospitality		49.5	47.8	48.6	50.1	0.6	1.2
Other services		19.2	18.6	18.9	19.1	-0.1	-0.5
Government		79.7	81.5	81.5	80.5	0.8	1.0
Wilmington, Del.-Md.-N.J. Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm		358.8	356.7	360.8	365.2	6.4	1.8
Mining, logging, and construction		17.5	18.0	18.7	18.9	1.4	8.0
Manufacturing		17.2	17.1	17.2	17.2	0.0	0.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities		63.8	65.3	65.7	65.9	2.1	3.3
Information		3.9	3.7	3.7	3.7	-0.2	-5.1
Financial activities		43.9	44.2	44.2	44.6	0.7	1.6
Professional and business services		51.6	52.0	53.3	55.0	3.4	6.6
Education and health services		62.5	61.7	61.7	62.0	-0.5	-0.8
Leisure and hospitality		34.8	31.4	32.6	34.1	-0.7	-2.0
Other services		14.4	14.2	14.4	14.5	0.1	0.7
Government		49.2	49.1	49.3	49.3	0.1	0.2

Footnotes
(p) Preliminary
SOURCE: Current Employment Statistics - NationalState and Metropolitan Area

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Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area	Back data	May 2017	Mar 2018	Apr 2018	May 2018 (p)	May 2017 to May 2018 (p)	
						Net change	Percent change
United States							
Total nonfarm		146,937	147,384	148,366	149,309	2,372	1.6
Mining and logging		672	712	721	732	60	8.9
Construction		6,990	6,889	7,083	7,281	291	4.2
Manufacturing		12,389	12,576	12,599	12,651	262	2.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities		27,340	27,422	27,493	27,694	354	1.3
Information		2,789	2,755	2,763	2,771	-18	-0.6
Financial activities		8,419	8,503	8,509	8,545	126	1.5
Professional and business services		20,417	20,576	20,815	20,908	491	2.4
Education and health services		23,195	23,634	23,695	23,632	437	1.9
Leisure and hospitality		16,285	15,822	16,137	16,547	262	1.6
Other services		5,791	5,799	5,844	5,889	98	1.7
Government		22,650	22,696	22,707	22,659	9	0.0
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Ga.							
Total nonfarm		2,723.5	2,744.6	2,757.1	2,769.5	46.0	1.7
Mining and logging		1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
Construction		120.5	124.1	126.3	129.7	9.2	7.6
Manufacturing		166.5	168.7	168.8	168.9	2.4	1.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities		599.4	613.3	612.8	616.8	17.4	2.9
Information		99.9	90.9	91.2	91.2	-8.7	-8.7
Financial activities		170.1	169.1	169.7	169.4	-0.7	-0.4
Professional and business services		497.2	496.0	497.9	496.9	-0.3	-0.1
Education and health services		341.2	353.6	353.2	351.7	10.5	3.1
Leisure and hospitality		296.1	292.4	299.5	308.6	12.5	4.2
Other services		100.5	98.2	98.7	99.5	-1.0	-1.0
Government		330.5	336.7	337.4	335.2	4.7	1.4
Boston-Cambridge-Nashua, Mass.-N.H. (NECTA)							
Total nonfarm		2,744.5	2,719.1	2,763.9	2,789.6	45.1	1.6
Mining, logging, and construction		112.0	107.7	113.8	119.6	7.6	6.8
Manufacturing		185.8	187.9	188.1	188.4	2.6	1.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities		422.9	414.6	419.7	424.0	1.1	0.3
Information		79.4	79.7	79.1	79.6	0.2	0.3
Financial activities		184.1	181.3	182.8	183.4	-0.7	-0.4
Professional and business services		481.3	485.0	497.0	500.9	19.6	4.1
Education and health services		583.3	588.8	592.8	589.8	6.5	1.1
Leisure and hospitality		275.7	258.4	269.5	282.5	6.8	2.5
Other services		102.6	100.8	105.5	105.4	2.8	2.7
Government		317.4	314.9	315.6	316.0	-1.4	-0.4
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Ill.-Ind.-Wis.							
Total nonfarm		4,714.9	4,656.2	4,695.1	4,753.5	38.6	0.8
Mining and logging		1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
Construction		176.8	165.4	173.8	183.4	6.6	3.7
Manufacturing		415.4	420.2	419.6	421.6	6.2	1.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities		943.7	941.7	944.9	952.7	9.0	1.0
Information		80.1	75.8	75.6	75.5	-4.6	-5.7
Financial activities		302.8	306.5	305.6	309.1	6.3	2.1
Professional and business services		824.7	799.2	813.7	822.2	-2.5	-0.3
Education and health services		729.0	733.7	736.5	738.9	9.9	1.4
Leisure and hospitality		492.3	460.7	474.3	490.2	-2.1	-0.4

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	May 2017	Mar 2018	Apr 2018	May 2018 (p)	May 2017 to May 2018 (p)	
						Net change	Percent change
Other services		196.1	192.9	193.5	195.3	-0.8	-0.4
Government		552.4	558.6	556.0	563.0	10.6	1.9
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas							
Total nonfarm		3,585.5	3,660.1	3,687.3	3,707.5	122.0	3.4
Mining, logging, and construction		212.9	217.2	223.9	227.2	14.3	6.7
Manufacturing		269.0	275.7	276.9	276.6	7.6	2.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities		758.0	771.4	774.7	780.4	22.4	3.0
Information		83.2	83.8	83.8	84.1	0.9	1.1
Financial activities		292.7	297.5	297.0	298.1	5.4	1.8
Professional and business services		588.1	605.0	611.9	613.6	25.5	4.3
Education and health services		442.7	452.1	453.3	455.6	12.9	2.9
Leisure and hospitality		378.1	382.9	390.5	395.5	17.4	4.6
Other services		122.1	126.6	127.4	127.6	5.5	4.5
Government		438.7	447.9	447.9	448.8	10.1	2.3
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas							
Total nonfarm		3,029.0	3,074.9	3,098.8	3,108.2	79.2	2.6
Mining and logging		78.0	77.8	78.1	79.3	1.3	1.7
Construction		218.1	227.2	228.6	229.5	11.4	5.2
Manufacturing		218.7	222.7	227.6	227.2	8.5	3.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities		613.0	623.8	626.7	626.7	13.7	2.2
Information		32.5	31.5	31.2	31.6	-0.9	-2.8
Financial activities		158.0	161.7	161.8	162.3	4.3	2.7
Professional and business services		476.9	503.4	505.7	510.5	33.6	7.0
Education and health services		386.7	385.2	388.2	388.4	1.7	0.4
Leisure and hospitality		322.0	317.3	324.4	326.1	4.1	1.3
Other services		111.2	109.3	112.0	111.4	0.2	0.2
Government		413.9	415.0	414.5	415.2	1.3	0.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, Calif.							
Total nonfarm		6,049.6	6,101.8	6,115.0	6,130.8	81.2	1.3
Mining and logging		3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	-0.1	-3.3
Construction		238.4	242.8	247.8	244.6	6.2	2.6
Manufacturing		509.1	508.8	507.6	508.2	-0.9	-0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities		1,092.7	1,088.0	1,085.1	1,086.2	-6.5	-0.6
Information		237.5	245.6	245.5	245.4	7.9	3.3
Financial activities		340.1	338.9	340.9	339.1	-1.0	-0.3
Professional and business services		903.3	923.8	926.1	929.5	26.2	2.9
Education and health services		1,010.7	1,036.8	1,036.0	1,035.9	25.2	2.5
Leisure and hospitality		747.1	756.2	763.4	774.7	27.6	3.7
Other services		205.9	200.3	201.6	202.1	-3.8	-1.8
Government		761.8	757.7	758.1	762.2	0.4	0.1
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Fla.							
Total nonfarm		2,645.8	2,671.0	2,666.6	2,669.2	23.4	0.9
Mining and logging		0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.1	14.3
Construction		129.1	138.5	140.0	142.7	13.6	10.5
Manufacturing		89.5	94.3	96.3	97.8	8.3	9.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities		596.9	599.2	596.6	600.0	3.1	0.5
Information		51.8	50.6	50.4	50.6	-1.2	-2.3
Financial activities		179.1	179.5	179.2	180.6	1.5	0.8
Professional and business services		434.7	439.4	437.6	434.9	0.2	0.0

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	May 2017	Mar 2018	Apr 2018	May 2018 (p)	May 2017 to May 2018 (p)	
						Net change	Percent change
Education and health services		395.8	395.2	394.1	394.0	-1.8	-0.5
Leisure and hospitality		328.9	333.1	332.6	328.4	-0.5	-0.2
Other services		123.9	124.6	124.7	124.8	0.9	0.7
Government		315.4	315.8	314.3	314.6	-0.8	-0.3
New York-Newark-Jersey City, N.Y.-N.J.-Pa.							
Total nonfarm		9,710.1	9,667.9	9,723.5	9,826.3	116.2	1.2
Mining, logging, and construction		400.3	385.9	395.3	407.2	6.9	1.7
Manufacturing		365.4	362.5	361.9	363.1	-2.3	-0.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities		1,735.9	1,737.6	1,740.4	1,758.1	22.2	1.3
Information		285.2	285.8	281.6	282.1	-3.1	-1.1
Financial activities		772.0	774.0	772.8	773.7	1.7	0.2
Professional and business services		1,543.7	1,537.2	1,546.8	1,566.0	22.3	1.4
Education and health services		1,938.5	1,980.3	1,987.3	1,989.8	51.3	2.6
Leisure and hospitality		934.5	874.9	900.2	946.3	11.8	1.3
Other services		424.8	419.2	423.5	427.9	3.1	0.7
Government		1,309.8	1,310.5	1,313.7	1,312.1	2.3	0.2
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md.							
Total nonfarm		2,925.2	2,917.3	2,948.2	2,964.9	39.7	1.4
Mining, logging, and construction		119.4	110.4	115.0	118.5	-0.9	-0.8
Manufacturing		180.3	179.9	180.3	182.2	1.9	1.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities		520.3	523.8	525.5	528.3	8.0	1.5
Information		46.4	44.9	44.8	44.7	-1.7	-3.7
Financial activities		213.7	214.4	215.2	217.0	3.3	1.5
Professional and business services		468.7	464.3	474.0	479.3	10.6	2.3
Education and health services		641.4	658.6	661.3	655.5	14.1	2.2
Leisure and hospitality		272.9	258.0	267.2	274.6	1.7	0.6
Other services		121.7	119.3	120.4	121.3	-0.4	-0.3
Government		340.4	343.7	344.5	343.5	3.1	0.9
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Ariz.							
Total nonfarm		2,025.6	2,090.8	2,094.1	2,087.4	61.8	3.1
Mining and logging		3.2	3.1	3.2	3.2	0.0	0.0
Construction		112.0	119.6	121.5	123.5	11.5	10.3
Manufacturing		121.7	127.9	127.9	129.3	7.6	6.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities		390.0	400.2	397.5	397.6	7.6	1.9
Information		36.6	36.1	36.4	37.0	0.4	1.1
Financial activities		184.8	189.5	189.3	188.9	4.1	2.2
Professional and business services		342.6	349.7	350.8	347.7	5.1	1.5
Education and health services		305.3	319.1	319.9	318.1	12.8	4.2
Leisure and hospitality		225.5	233.4	234.9	233.6	8.1	3.6
Other services		66.3	65.5	65.8	67.1	0.8	1.2
Government		237.6	246.7	246.9	241.4	3.8	1.6
San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, Calif.							
Total nonfarm		2,393.9	2,417.9	2,427.3	2,435.8	41.9	1.8
Mining and logging		0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.1	25.0
Construction		116.5	119.1	120.8	122.1	5.6	4.8
Manufacturing		138.6	142.1	142.3	142.2	3.6	2.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities		379.5	381.1	381.8	382.0	2.5	0.7
Information		103.3	108.6	108.5	108.4	5.1	4.9
Financial activities		142.0	142.3	142.9	143.0	1.0	0.7

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	May 2017	Mar 2018	Apr 2018	May 2018 (p)	May 2017 to May 2018 (p)	
						Net change	Percent change
Professional and business services		475.4	486.7	488.9	490.7	15.3	3.2
Education and health services		350.2	358.3	356.2	356.6	6.4	1.8
Leisure and hospitality		275.2	269.5	274.5	278.1	2.9	1.1
Other services		87.6	84.0	84.4	84.6	-3.0	-3.4
Government		325.2	325.7	326.5	327.6	2.4	0.7
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.C.-Va.-Md.-W.Va.							
Total nonfarm		3,286.9	3,288.3	3,303.0	3,328.2	41.3	1.3
Mining, logging, and construction		160.3	160.4	161.3	162.4	2.1	1.3
Manufacturing		54.8	54.7	55.0	55.7	0.9	1.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities		405.2	406.2	407.0	412.8	7.6	1.9
Information		74.0	74.8	74.7	74.9	0.9	1.2
Financial activities		157.4	157.9	159.1	159.3	1.9	1.2
Professional and business services		745.3	748.0	752.2	761.1	15.8	2.1
Education and health services		437.7	445.5	448.2	447.6	9.9	2.3
Leisure and hospitality		335.5	326.9	331.6	337.8	2.3	0.7
Other services		207.3	208.4	208.7	211.0	3.7	1.8
Government		709.4	705.5	705.2	705.6	-3.8	-0.5

Footnotes
(p) Preliminary
SOURCE: Current Employment Statistics - NationalState and Metropolitan Area

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