NEWS RELEASE
BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

For Release: Monday, October 02, 2017 **17-1353-PHI**

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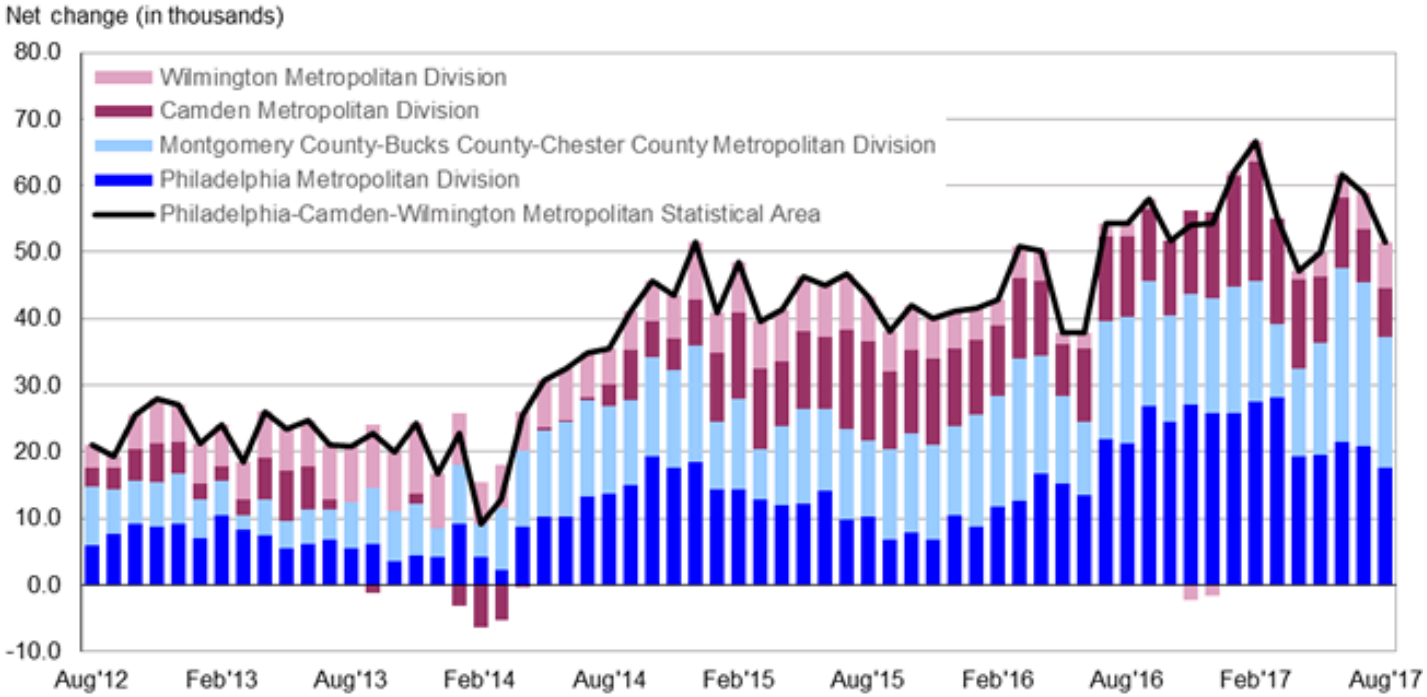
Philadelphia Area Employment – August 2017

Local Rate of Employment Growth Above the National Average

Total nonfarm employment for the Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md. Metropolitan Statistical Area stood at 2,904,300 in August 2017, up 51,500, or 1.8 percent, over the year, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. During the same period, the national job count increased 1.5 percent. Sheila Watkins, the Bureau's regional commissioner, noted that the Philadelphia area has not had an over-the-year employment decline in seven years. (See chart 1 and table 1; the Technical Note at the end of this release contains metropolitan area definitions. All data in this release are not seasonally adjusted; accordingly, over-the-year analysis is used throughout.)

Chart 1. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year net change in the Philadelphia metropolitan area and its divisions, August 2012–August 2017



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md. Metropolitan Statistical Area is made up of four metropolitan divisions¾separately identifiable employment centers within the greater metropolitan area. All four divisions saw employment increases over the year. The Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County Metropolitan Division, with 37 percent of the area's employment, added 19,800 jobs since last August.

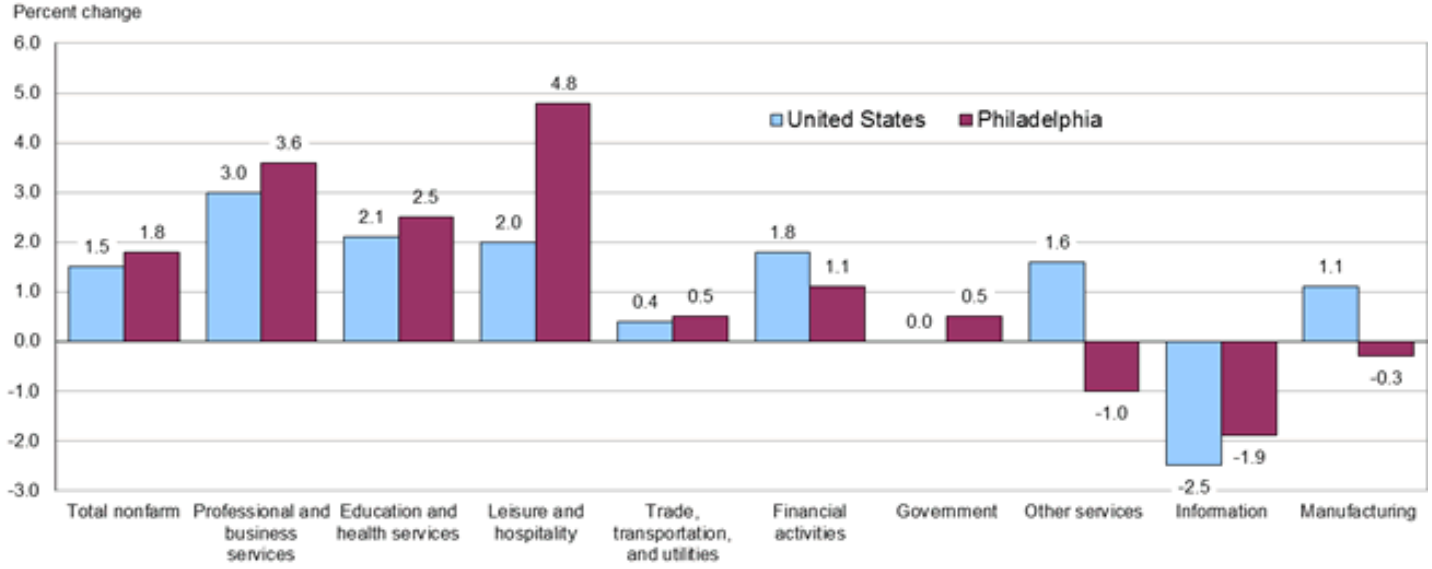
The Philadelphia Metropolitan Division, with 32 percent of the area's employment, gained 17,500 jobs. The Camden Metropolitan Division, with 19 percent of local employment, added 7,200 jobs; the Wilmington Metropolitan Division, with the remaining 12 percent, gained 7,000 jobs over the year.

Industry employment

In the greater Philadelphia metropolitan area, professional and business services had the largest employment gain from August 2016 to August 2017, adding 16,700 jobs. The Philadelphia area's 3.6-percent growth in professional and business services employment exceeded the nationwide increase of 3.0 percent. (See chart 2.) The Montgomery County division added 13,400 jobs in this supersector.

The education and health services and the leisure and hospitality supersectors had the second and third-largest employment gains in the Philadelphia area. The education and health services supersector added 15,400 jobs locally since August 2016. The local rate of job growth, at 2.5 percent, exceeded the national rate of 2.1 percent. Leisure and hospitality gained 12,900 jobs locally; the 4.8-percent rate of local job growth was more than double the 2.0-percent rate for the nation.

Chart 2. Total nonfarm and selected industry supersector employment, over-the-year percent change, United States and the Philadelphia metropolitan area, August 2017



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

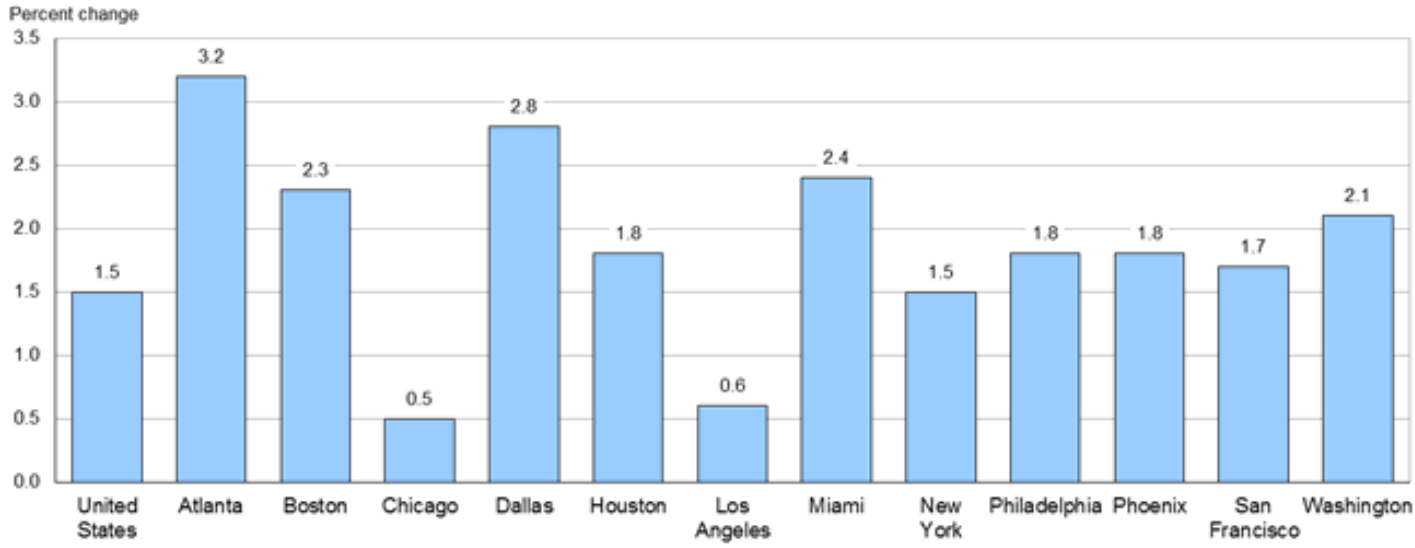
Four other supersectors in the Philadelphia area gained more than 1,000 jobs since last August—mining, logging, and construction (+2,800); trade, transportation, and utilities (+2,400); financial activities (+2,300); and government (+1,700). The 1.1-percent rate of local employment growth in financial activities was slower than the 1.8-percent nationwide increase.

Other services was the only supersector in the Philadelphia area to lose more than 1,000 jobs since last August, down 1,200. The supersector's local employment decreased 1.0 percent over the year, while national employment rose 1.6 percent.

Employment in the 12 largest metropolitan areas

Philadelphia was 1 of the nation's 12 largest metropolitan statistical areas in August 2017. All 12 areas had over-the-year job growth during the period, with the rates of job growth in 9 areas exceeding the national increase of 1.5 percent. Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell had the fastest rate of job growth, 3.2 percent, followed by Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington at 2.8 percent. Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim and Chicago-Naperville-Elgin had the slowest rates of job growth, at 0.6 and 0.5 percent, respectively. (See chart 3 and table 2.)

Chart 3. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year percent change, United States and 12 largest metropolitan areas, August 2017



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

New York-Newark-Jersey City added the largest number of jobs, 145,900, followed by Dallas (+96,700) and Atlanta (+86,400). Chicago had the smallest employment gain over the year, adding 24,700 jobs. Annual job gains in the eight remaining metropolitan areas ranged from 67,600 to 34,900.

Over the year, education and health services added the most jobs in five areas: Boston-Cambridge-Nashua, Los Angeles, New York, San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, and Washington-Arlington-Alexandria. Professional and business services gained the most jobs in four other areas: Atlanta, Dallas, Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, and Philadelphia.

Information lost the most jobs over the year in three areas: Dallas, New York, and Washington. Atlanta had no annual job losses in any supersector.

Metropolitan area employment data for September 2017 are scheduled to be released on Friday, October 20, 2017, at 10:00 a.m. (ET).

Technical Note

This release presents nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program. The CES survey is a Federal-State cooperative endeavor between State employment security agencies and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Definitions. Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their place of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2012 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

Method of estimation. The employment data are estimated using a "link relative" technique in which a ratio (link relative) of current-month employment to that of the previous month is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the current month are obtained by

multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these ratios. Small-domain models are used as the official estimators for approximately 39 percent of CES published series which have insufficient sample for direct sample-based estimates.

Annual revisions. Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports which are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months.

Reliability of the estimates. The estimates presented in this release are based on sample survey and administrative data and thus are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data are also subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the special estimation processes used. The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of rounding.

Employment estimates. Measures of sampling error for state CES data at the supersector level are available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm. Information on recent benchmark revisions for states is available at www.bls.gov/sae/.

Area definitions. The substate area data published in this release reflect the delineations issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget on July 15, 2015. A detailed list of the geographic definitions is available at www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm.

The **Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md. Metropolitan Statistical Area** includes Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties in Pennsylvania; Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, and Salem Counties in New Jersey; New Castle County in Delaware; and Cecil County in Maryland.

- The Camden, N.J. Metropolitan Division includes Burlington, Camden, and Gloucester Counties in New Jersey.
- The Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pa. Metropolitan Division includes Bucks, Chester, and Montgomery Counties in Pennsylvania.
- The Philadelphia, Pa. Metropolitan Division includes Delaware and Philadelphia Counties in Pennsylvania.
- The Wilmington, Del.-Md.-N.J. Metropolitan Division includes New Castle County in Delaware; Cecil County in Maryland; and Salem County in New Jersey.

Additional information

More complete information on the technical procedures used to develop these estimates and additional data appear in Employment and Earnings, which is available online at www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm. Industry employment data for states and metropolitan areas from the Current Employment Statistics program are also available in the above mentioned news releases and from the Internet at www.bls.gov/sae/.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, Philadelphia metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area	Back data	Aug 2016	Jun 2017	Jul 2017	Aug 2017 (p)	Aug 2016 to Aug 2017 (p)	
						Net change	Percent change
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md. Metropolitan Statistical Area							
Total nonfarm		2,852.8	2,941.6	2,916.7	2,904.3	51.5	1.8
Mining, logging, and construction		117.8	120.8	121.2	120.6	2.8	2.4
Manufacturing		179.7	178.4	179.3	179.1	-0.6	-0.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities		520.5	528.3	525.2	522.9	2.4	0.5
Information		47.0	47.1	46.3	46.1	-0.9	-1.9
Financial activities		214.2	216.4	217.1	216.5	2.3	1.1
Professional and business services		462.3	479.9	479.8	479.0	16.7	3.6
Education and health services		607.5	627.7	629.3	622.9	15.4	2.5
Leisure and hospitality		271.2	283.1	283.7	284.1	12.9	4.8
Other services		120.5	122.0	120.5	119.3	-1.2	-1.0
Government		312.1	337.9	314.3	313.8	1.7	0.5
Philadelphia, Pa. Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm		919.5	946.1	942.4	937.0	17.5	1.9
Mining, logging, and construction		23.6	24.6	24.6	24.8	1.2	5.1
Manufacturing		35.0	34.0	34.0	33.9	-1.1	-3.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities		134.6	135.2	134.3	134.3	-0.3	-0.2
Information		14.6	14.6	14.3	14.3	-0.3	-2.1
Financial activities		59.6	60.4	60.5	60.6	1.0	1.7
Professional and business services		129.2	130.1	130.1	130.0	0.8	0.6
Education and health services		268.5	280.0	280.4	276.8	8.3	3.1
Leisure and hospitality		93.4	99.6	100.2	100.3	6.9	7.4
Other services		39.4	40.1	40.0	39.7	0.3	0.8
Government		121.6	127.5	124.0	122.3	0.7	0.6
Philadelphia City, Pa.							
Total nonfarm		689.5	711.8	709.9	705.3	15.8	2.3
Mining, logging, and construction		12.0	12.8	12.7	12.8	0.8	6.7
Manufacturing		20.4	19.7	19.8	19.6	-0.8	-3.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities		92.9	93.2	92.2	92.4	-0.5	-0.5
Information		11.8	11.9	11.7	11.7	-0.1	-0.8
Financial activities		43.3	43.9	44.0	44.1	0.8	1.8
Professional and business services		95.9	98.3	98.1	97.9	2.0	2.1
Education and health services		214.8	224.1	224.6	221.5	6.7	3.1
Leisure and hospitality		71.1	76.5	77.3	77.5	6.4	9.0
Other services		28.1	28.7	28.6	28.4	0.3	1.1
Government		99.2	102.7	100.9	99.4	0.2	0.2
Delaware County, Pa.							
Total nonfarm		230.0	234.3	232.5	231.7	1.7	0.7
Mining, logging, and construction		11.6	11.8	11.9	12.0	0.4	3.4
Manufacturing		14.6	14.3	14.2	14.3	-0.3	-2.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities		41.7	42.0	42.1	41.9	0.2	0.5
Information		2.8	2.7	2.6	2.6	-0.2	-7.1
Financial activities		16.3	16.5	16.5	16.5	0.2	1.2
Professional and business services		33.3	31.8	32.0	32.1	-1.2	-3.6
Education and health services		53.7	55.9	55.8	55.3	1.6	3.0
Leisure and hospitality		22.3	23.1	22.9	22.8	0.5	2.2
Other services		11.3	11.4	11.4	11.3	0.0	0.0
Government		22.4	24.8	23.1	22.9	0.5	2.2

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, Philadelphia metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	Aug 2016	Jun 2017	Jul 2017	Aug 2017 (p)	Aug 2016 to Aug 2017 (p)	
						Net change	Percent change
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pa. Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm		1,050.1	1,082.4	1,075.5	1,069.9	19.8	1.9
Mining, logging, and construction		53.7	54.6	54.9	54.8	1.1	2.0
Manufacturing		89.9	88.6	89.4	89.2	-0.7	-0.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities		203.0	205.8	205.1	203.6	0.6	0.3
Information		21.6	21.8	21.3	21.2	-0.4	-1.9
Financial activities		80.4	80.7	81.4	81.0	0.6	0.7
Professional and business services		202.8	215.2	217.6	216.2	13.4	6.6
Education and health services		182.9	188.2	189.1	187.4	4.5	2.5
Leisure and hospitality		93.3	96.1	96.0	95.5	2.2	2.4
Other services		47.7	48.2	47.3	46.6	-1.1	-2.3
Government		74.8	83.2	73.4	74.4	-0.4	-0.5
Camden, N.J. Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm		527.6	549.6	536.0	534.8	7.2	1.4
Mining, logging, and construction		23.3	24.3	24.2	23.6	0.3	1.3
Manufacturing		37.1	38.5	38.6	38.9	1.8	4.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities		117.7	122.2	121.4	120.4	2.7	2.3
Information		6.9	6.8	6.8	6.7	-0.2	-2.9
Financial activities		30.5	30.9	30.7	30.0	-0.5	-1.6
Professional and business services		77.6	80.6	79.2	79.8	2.2	2.8
Education and health services		94.5	96.1	95.4	94.5	0.0	0.0
Leisure and hospitality		49.0	50.2	49.3	49.9	0.9	1.8
Other services		18.8	18.9	18.5	18.4	-0.4	-2.1
Government		72.2	81.1	71.9	72.6	0.4	0.6
Wilmington, Del.-Md.-N.J. Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm		355.6	363.5	362.8	362.6	7.0	2.0
Mining, logging, and construction		17.2	17.3	17.5	17.4	0.2	1.2
Manufacturing		17.7	17.3	17.3	17.1	-0.6	-3.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities		65.2	65.1	64.4	64.6	-0.6	-0.9
Information		3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	0.0	0.0
Financial activities		43.7	44.4	44.5	44.9	1.2	2.7
Professional and business services		52.7	54.0	52.9	53.0	0.3	0.6
Education and health services		61.6	63.4	64.4	64.2	2.6	4.2
Leisure and hospitality		35.5	37.2	38.2	38.4	2.9	8.2
Other services		14.6	14.8	14.7	14.6	0.0	0.0
Government		43.5	46.1	45.0	44.5	1.0	2.3

Footnotes(p) Preliminary
SOURCE: Current Employment Statistics - NationalState and Metropolitan Area

Return to Mid-Atlantic Information Office Homepage

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area	Back data	Aug 2016	Jun 2017	Jul 2017	Aug 2017 (p)	Aug 2016 to Aug 2017 (p)	
						Net change	Percent change
United States							
Total nonfarm		144,441	147,421	146,330	146,541	2,100	1.5
Mining and logging		670	716	723	728	58	8.7
Construction		6,975	7,106	7,145	7,181	206	3.0
Manufacturing		12,430	12,496	12,517	12,572	142	1.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities		27,259	27,413	27,376	27,360	101	0.4
Information		2,790	2,738	2,734	2,721	-69	-2.5
Financial activities		8,381	8,505	8,536	8,532	151	1.8
Professional and business services		20,321	20,861	20,874	20,928	607	3.0
Education and health services		22,354	22,894	22,807	22,831	477	2.1
Leisure and hospitality		16,330	16,618	16,740	16,663	333	2.0
Other services		5,729	5,831	5,834	5,821	92	1.6
Government		21,202	22,243	21,044	21,204	2	0.0
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Ga.							
Total nonfarm		2,675.3	2,759.5	2,746.2	2,761.7	86.4	3.2
Mining and logging		1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	0.0	0.0
Construction		118.3	122.5	121.7	120.6	2.3	1.9
Manufacturing		162.5	163.2	162.3	162.9	0.4	0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities		589.8	597.6	597.4	599.2	9.4	1.6
Information		94.0	99.3	99.2	98.6	4.6	4.9
Financial activities		167.3	174.8	173.8	172.9	5.6	3.3
Professional and business services		491.4	523.4	520.4	524.9	33.5	6.8
Education and health services		334.9	340.9	340.5	344.2	9.3	2.8
Leisure and hospitality		290.3	306.1	305.8	301.5	11.2	3.9
Other services		99.0	101.4	102.5	102.6	3.6	3.6
Government		326.0	328.5	320.8	332.5	6.5	2.0
Boston-Cambridge-Nashua, Mass.-N.H. (NECTA)							
Total nonfarm		2,710.6	2,789.7	2,782.0	2,774.0	63.4	2.3
Mining, logging, and construction		114.2	114.0	116.2	116.6	2.4	2.1
Manufacturing		188.4	188.0	188.3	188.1	-0.3	-0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities		423.4	431.2	428.7	426.0	2.6	0.6
Information		79.5	79.6	78.8	79.1	-0.4	-0.5
Financial activities		190.1	193.5	195.0	193.9	3.8	2.0
Professional and business services		477.8	486.4	488.9	491.8	14.0	2.9
Education and health services		561.2	587.6	589.4	584.4	23.2	4.1
Leisure and hospitality		281.8	283.5	291.1	290.6	8.8	3.1
Other services		104.6	107.8	109.5	111.3	6.7	6.4
Government		289.6	318.1	296.1	292.2	2.6	0.9
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Ill.-Ind.-Wis.							
Total nonfarm		4,685.1	4,745.6	4,718.7	4,709.8	24.7	0.5
Mining and logging		1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
Construction		182.1	180.6	181.9	183.9	1.8	1.0
Manufacturing		415.4	418.2	416.4	412.7	-2.7	-0.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities		945.6	947.8	945.2	945.0	-0.6	-0.1
Information		81.2	84.6	84.7	83.9	2.7	3.3
Financial activities		302.2	311.5	312.0	311.5	9.3	3.1
Professional and business services		832.5	836.4	839.2	840.1	7.6	0.9
Education and health services		704.9	720.1	709.2	707.8	2.9	0.4
Leisure and hospitality		489.2	494.3	493.4	492.4	3.2	0.7

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	Aug 2016	Jun 2017	Jul 2017	Aug 2017 (p)	Aug 2016 to Aug 2017 (p)	
						Net change	Percent change
Other services		195.4	198.0	198.5	197.8	2.4	1.2
Government		535.0	552.5	536.6	533.1	-1.9	-0.4
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas							
Total nonfarm		3,516.2	3,624.0	3,608.9	3,612.9	96.7	2.8
Mining, logging, and construction		207.1	207.6	209.1	210.5	3.4	1.6
Manufacturing		265.8	268.8	270.7	272.8	7.0	2.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities		753.7	764.8	764.9	768.2	14.5	1.9
Information		83.1	81.7	82.3	81.7	-1.4	-1.7
Financial activities		284.0	293.6	294.6	293.5	9.5	3.3
Professional and business services		586.8	609.1	609.7	611.9	25.1	4.3
Education and health services		432.8	440.3	439.9	440.7	7.9	1.8
Leisure and hospitality		371.9	397.1	395.2	390.5	18.6	5.0
Other services		122.9	128.2	128.3	127.6	4.7	3.8
Government		408.1	432.8	414.2	415.5	7.4	1.8
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas							
Total nonfarm		2,984.3	3,061.2	3,041.7	3,037.8	53.5	1.8
Mining and logging		86.4	86.3	87.4	87.0	0.6	0.7
Construction		216.2	215.1	210.7	211.7	-4.5	-2.1
Manufacturing		220.3	234.1	235.2	233.1	12.8	5.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities		609.2	603.2	603.7	604.1	-5.1	-0.8
Information		32.7	32.2	32.4	31.9	-0.8	-2.4
Financial activities		156.2	156.2	157.8	158.7	2.5	1.6
Professional and business services		470.8	486.1	486.7	486.3	15.5	3.3
Education and health services		382.8	390.5	392.2	396.9	14.1	3.7
Leisure and hospitality		317.8	330.7	329.2	328.0	10.2	3.2
Other services		109.4	113.2	112.2	110.7	1.3	1.2
Government		382.5	413.6	394.2	389.4	6.9	1.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, Calif.							
Total nonfarm		5,939.8	6,040.2	5,971.0	5,977.9	38.1	0.6
Mining and logging		4.1	4.0	4.0	4.0	-0.1	-2.4
Construction		234.6	243.8	249.3	251.7	17.1	7.3
Manufacturing		516.1	510.9	509.8	509.1	-7.0	-1.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities		1,090.7	1,079.4	1,081.7	1,083.6	-7.1	-0.7
Information		255.5	256.0	252.5	253.7	-1.8	-0.7
Financial activities		339.7	337.9	339.7	340.0	0.3	0.1
Professional and business services		908.4	914.3	909.6	915.2	6.8	0.7
Education and health services		957.2	983.3	978.4	977.7	20.5	2.1
Leisure and hospitality		733.0	742.8	745.8	740.8	7.8	1.1
Other services		203.3	210.0	211.0	212.7	9.4	4.6
Government		697.2	757.8	689.2	689.4	-7.8	-1.1
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Fla.							
Total nonfarm		2,573.6	2,625.9	2,619.3	2,635.5	61.9	2.4
Mining and logging		0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
Construction		124.2	128.3	129.8	132.0	7.8	6.3
Manufacturing		87.7	87.0	87.0	87.9	0.2	0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities		588.7	600.2	598.4	597.5	8.8	1.5
Information		49.9	49.0	49.0	49.1	-0.8	-1.6
Financial activities		176.4	175.6	177.0	174.8	-1.6	-0.9
Professional and business services		426.8	436.5	432.6	431.8	5.0	1.2

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	Aug 2016	Jun 2017	Jul 2017	Aug 2017 (p)	Aug 2016 to Aug 2017 (p)	
						Net change	Percent change
Education and health services		377.6	397.5	394.9	392.0	14.4	3.8
Leisure and hospitality		312.7	330.7	329.2	327.5	14.8	4.7
Other services		124.0	130.0	130.8	131.7	7.7	6.2
Government		304.9	290.4	289.9	310.5	5.6	1.8
New York-Newark-Jersey City, N.Y.-N.J.-Pa.							
Total nonfarm		9,516.9	9,775.6	9,726.3	9,662.8	145.9	1.5
Mining, logging, and construction		400.9	399.2	401.7	404.8	3.9	1.0
Manufacturing		368.0	366.7	365.4	367.1	-0.9	-0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities		1,710.5	1,735.1	1,717.2	1,707.7	-2.8	-0.2
Information		292.7	286.1	285.7	286.5	-6.2	-2.1
Financial activities		783.3	787.2	792.7	788.8	5.5	0.7
Professional and business services		1,539.0	1,571.4	1,573.3	1,567.7	28.7	1.9
Education and health services		1,809.0	1,910.7	1,887.2	1,874.1	65.1	3.6
Leisure and hospitality		937.0	976.1	987.3	980.9	43.9	4.7
Other services		417.7	430.7	429.7	425.6	7.9	1.9
Government		1,258.8	1,312.4	1,286.1	1,259.6	0.8	0.1
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md.							
Total nonfarm		2,852.8	2,941.6	2,916.7	2,904.3	51.5	1.8
Mining, logging, and construction		117.8	120.8	121.2	120.6	2.8	2.4
Manufacturing		179.7	178.4	179.3	179.1	-0.6	-0.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities		520.5	528.3	525.2	522.9	2.4	0.5
Information		47.0	47.1	46.3	46.1	-0.9	-1.9
Financial activities		214.2	216.4	217.1	216.5	2.3	1.1
Professional and business services		462.3	479.9	479.8	479.0	16.7	3.6
Education and health services		607.5	627.7	629.3	622.9	15.4	2.5
Leisure and hospitality		271.2	283.1	283.7	284.1	12.9	4.8
Other services		120.5	122.0	120.5	119.3	-1.2	-1.0
Government		312.1	337.9	314.3	313.8	1.7	0.5
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Ariz.							
Total nonfarm		1,961.7	1,982.7	1,967.7	1,996.6	34.9	1.8
Mining and logging		3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	-0.1	-3.0
Construction		107.6	109.0	110.5	109.9	2.3	2.1
Manufacturing		120.2	123.3	123.2	123.6	3.4	2.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities		384.4	387.0	387.2	386.9	2.5	0.7
Information		35.9	35.3	34.3	33.6	-2.3	-6.4
Financial activities		176.2	181.2	180.5	180.9	4.7	2.7
Professional and business services		338.9	340.9	339.9	341.5	2.6	0.8
Education and health services		292.4	297.2	295.5	301.0	8.6	2.9
Leisure and hospitality		211.4	226.3	223.0	222.8	11.4	5.4
Other services		63.6	61.3	61.6	61.2	-2.4	-3.8
Government		227.8	218.0	208.8	232.0	4.2	1.8
San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, Calif.							
Total nonfarm		2,351.5	2,392.7	2,388.1	2,392.2	40.7	1.7
Mining and logging		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Construction		116.2	121.0	122.8	123.4	7.2	6.2
Manufacturing		133.9	132.0	132.8	133.6	-0.3	-0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities		378.1	376.8	378.8	379.2	1.1	0.3
Information		101.8	102.3	103.2	102.9	1.1	1.1
Financial activities		142.9	147.1	147.7	147.2	4.3	3.0

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	Aug 2016	Jun 2017	Jul 2017	Aug 2017 (p)	Aug 2016 to Aug 2017 (p)	
						Net change	Percent change
Professional and business services		477.3	473.9	474.0	473.5	-3.8	-0.8
Education and health services		334.2	347.3	345.1	345.7	11.5	3.4
Leisure and hospitality		271.9	279.3	281.1	282.7	10.8	4.0
Other services		86.2	88.5	88.9	89.1	2.9	3.4
Government		308.0	323.5	312.7	313.9	5.9	1.9
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.C.-Va.-Md.-W.Va.							
Total nonfarm		3,227.3	3,312.6	3,323.4	3,294.9	67.6	2.1
Mining, logging, and construction		159.2	159.8	163.9	165.0	5.8	3.6
Manufacturing		54.2	54.3	54.4	54.7	0.5	0.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities		406.0	414.5	413.2	412.7	6.7	1.7
Information		74.5	71.6	71.4	71.2	-3.3	-4.4
Financial activities		159.3	158.6	159.6	159.1	-0.2	-0.1
Professional and business services		746.2	758.2	764.8	762.7	16.5	2.2
Education and health services		425.2	443.4	445.9	444.9	19.7	4.6
Leisure and hospitality		332.0	347.9	349.1	346.4	14.4	4.3
Other services		196.6	198.1	200.4	199.9	3.3	1.7
Government		674.1	706.2	700.7	678.3	4.2	0.6

Footnotes(p) Preliminary
SOURCE: Current Employment Statistics - NationalState and Metropolitan Area

Return to Mid-Atlantic Information Office Homepage