

Table 27. Short-term disability plans: Maximum benefit amounts, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2013

(All workers with fixed percent of annual earnings short-term disability coverage = 100 percent)

Characteristics	With maximum benefit amount	Maximum weekly benefit amount ¹					With no maximum benefit amount
		10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile (median)	75th percentile	90th percentile	
All workers	76	\$170	\$315	\$561	\$1,000	\$2,308	24
Worker characteristics							
Management, professional, and related	71	170	500	750	1,500	2,500	29
Management, business, and financial	72	170	500	–	1,666	2,500	28
Professional and related	70	170	–	600	1,500	2,500	30
Service	88	170	–	546	584	1,300	12
Sales and office	76	170	250	561	1,385	2,500	24
Sales and related	77	170	300	561	1,500	4,615	23
Office and administrative support	76	170	250	572	1,200	2,350	24
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	77	200	500	572	1,000	–	23
Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry	76	260	500	550	–	–	24
Installation, maintenance, and repair	77	200	500	584	1,000	1,730	23
Production, transportation, and material moving ...	74	170	300	500	600	1,500	26
Production	68	170	250	515	–	1,500	32
Transportation and material moving	79	170	400	500	584	1,385	21
Full time	74	170	350	572	1,250	2,400	26
Part time	88	170	170	500	572	584	12
Union	79	170	225	500	572	1,000	21
Nonunion	75	170	315	572	1,200	2,350	25
Average wage within the following categories: ²							
Lowest 25 percent	87	170	170	546	584	1,000	13
Second 25 percent	76	170	300	559	1,000	2,000	24
Third 25 percent	74	170	300	572	1,150	2,309	26
Highest 25 percent	72	170	500	600	1,500	2,500	28
Highest 10 percent	70	170	500	–	2,000	2,500	30
Establishment characteristics							
Goods-producing industries	68	170	350	572	1,000	2,000	32
Manufacturing	63	175	350	572	1,000	2,000	37
Service-providing industries	78	170	300	561	1,000	2,350	22
Trade, transportation, and utilities	76	170	200	500	750	1,846	24
Wholesale trade	74	170	–	560	–	2,500	26
Retail trade	78	170	200	546	750	–	22
Transportation and warehousing	79	170	–	500	572	1,000	21
Information	60	170	–	–	2,300	2,308	40

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Short-term disability plans: Maximum benefit amounts, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2013—Continued

(All workers with fixed percent of annual earnings short-term disability coverage = 100 percent)

Characteristics	With maximum benefit amount	Maximum weekly benefit amount ¹					With no maximum benefit amount
		10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile (median)	75th percentile	90th percentile	
Financial activities	69	\$170	–	\$1,000	\$2,309	\$4,039	31
Finance and insurance	64	170	–	1,153	2,500	5,769	36
Credit intermediation and related activities	74	170	\$561	1,385	2,500	–	26
Insurance carriers and related activities	53	–	584	–	3,000	3,456	47
Professional and business services	86	–	500	–	1,500	2,500	14
Professional and technical services	83	–	559	1,000	1,750	2,350	17
Education and health services	70	170	–	561	1,000	2,307	30
Educational services	57	170	170	561	1,000	1,500	43
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	47	170	170	584	1,385	1,500	53
Healthcare and social assistance	73	170	300	561	1,000	2,310	27
1 to 99 workers	84	170	–	550	–	1,800	16
1 to 49 workers	85	170	–	559	750	1,500	15
50 to 99 workers	80	170	300	524	1,000	2,307	20
100 workers or more	70	170	350	584	1,500	2,500	30
100 to 499 workers	76	170	315	584	1,500	2,500	24
500 workers or more	62	170	–	584	1,500	2,650	38
Geographic areas							
New England	71	250	475	1,000	1,000	2,309	29
Middle Atlantic	91	170	170	546	584	–	9
East North Central	54	200	320	560	1,250	2,500	46
South Atlantic	73	260	500	1,000	1,500	2,500	27
East South Central	73	300	500	1,000	–	2,500	27
West South Central	71	250	500	–	1,500	2,500	29
Mountain	71	–	500	1,000	–	3,000	29
Pacific	84	201	500	–	2,080	2,400	16

¹ The 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles designate position within each published series. For example, at the 50th percentile or median, half of the participating workers receive the same as or more than the benefit shown, and half receive the same as or less than the benefit shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the participating workers receive the same or less than the benefit shown. The remaining percentiles follow the same logic.

² Surveyed occupations are classified into wage categories based on the average wage for the occupation, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The categories were formed using

percentile estimates generated using data from the National Compensation Survey publication, "Employer Costs for Employee Compensation - March 2013."

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dash indicates no workers in this category or data did not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20122013.htm.